

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture
Product name : OxiDate
Product code : SDS-5100-CAN

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

No additional information available

1.3. Supplier

BioSafe Systems, LLC
22 Meadow Street
East Hartford, Hartford, Connecticut 06108
USA
T 1-888-273-3088
www.BioSafeSystems.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 1-888-273-3088 | Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Oxidizing liquids Category 2	H272	May intensify fire; oxidizer
Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4	H302	Harmful if swallowed
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A	H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1	H318	Causes serious eye damage
Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation	H335	May cause respiratory irritation

Full text of H statements : see section 16

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :



Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) : H272 - May intensify fire; oxidizer
H302 - Harmful if swallowed
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318 - Causes serious eye damage
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary statements (GHS US) : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P220 - Keep/Store away from clothing and other combustible materials
P221 - Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustible materials
P260 - Do not breathe fume, mist, spray.

P261 - Avoid breathing fume, mist, spray.
 P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.
 P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
 P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
 P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 P301+P312 - If swallowed: Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.
 P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
 P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
 P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
 P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 P310 - Immediately call a poison center or doctor.
 P312 - Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.
 P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label).
 P330 - Rinse mouth.
 P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use media other than water to extinguish.
 P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
 P405 - Store locked up.
 P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No additional information available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%
Hydrogen peroxide	CAS-No.: 7722-84-1	20 – 30
Acetic acid	CAS-No.: 64-19-7	1 – 5
Peroxyacetic acid	CAS-No.: 79-21-0	1 – 5

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Call a physician immediately.
 First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
 First-aid measures after skin contact : Rinse skin with water/shower. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Call a physician immediately.
 First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician immediately.

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First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Burns.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Serious damage to eyes.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Burns.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : May intensify fire; oxidizer.
Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Toxic fumes may be released.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : Ventilate spillage area. No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.
Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed : May be corrosive to metals.

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Precautions for safe handling	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Wear personal protective equipment. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
Hygiene measures	: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions	: Keep container closed when not in use. Store in original container. Store in a dry place. Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed.
Incompatible materials	: Combustible materials.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

OxiDate	
No additional information available	
Hydrogen peroxide (7722-84-1)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Hydrogen peroxide
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	1 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Eye, URT, & skin irr. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans)
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2022
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Hydrogen peroxide
OSHA PEL TWA [1]	1.4 mg/m ³
OSHA PEL TWA [2]	1 ppm
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1
Acetic acid (64-19-7)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Acetic acid
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	10 ppm
ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	15 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT & eye irr; pulm func
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2022
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Acetic acid
OSHA PEL TWA [1]	25 mg/m ³
OSHA PEL TWA [2]	10 ppm
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1

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Peroxyacetic acid (79-21-0)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Peracetic acid
ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	0.4 ppm (IFV - Inhalable fraction and vapor)
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT, eye, & skin irr. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen)
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2022

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.
Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Hand protection:
Protective gloves
Eye protection:
Safety glasses
Skin and body protection:
Wear suitable protective clothing
Respiratory protection:
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Clear, colorless liquid.
Color	: Colorless
Odor	: vinegar-like
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: < 1.5
Melting point	: Not applicable
Freezing point	: -30 °C (-22°F)
Boiling point	: No data available
Flash point	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	: 22 mm Hg (25°C)
Relative vapor density at 20°C	: No data available
Relative density	: 1.1
Density	: 9.18 lb/gal
Solubility	: Complete.

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Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: > 55 °C SADT > 55°C (131°F)
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

May intensify fire; oxidizer.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Combustible materials.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral)	: Harmful if swallowed.
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Not classified

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LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg
ATE US (oral)	332.109 mg/kg body weight
Hydrogen peroxide (7722-84-1)	
LD50 oral rat	693.7 mg/kg Source: ECHA
LD50 dermal rabbit	3000 mg/kg Source: ChemIDPlus
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	2000 mg/m ³ Source: ChemIDPlus
ATE US (oral)	100 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	3000 mg/kg body weight

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Hydrogen peroxide (7722-84-1)	
ATE US (vapors)	2 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	2 mg/l/4h
Acetic acid (64-19-7)	
LD50 oral rat	3310 mg/kg body weight (Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 6 day(s))
LD50 oral	4960 mg/kg body weight Animal: mouse, Remarks on results: other:
LD50 dermal rabbit	1060 mg/kg Source: HSDB, NITE
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	11.4 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 4 h, Rat, Female, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours), 14 day(s))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	16000 ppm Source: ChemIDPlus
ATE US (oral)	3310 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (vapors)	11.4 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	11.4 mg/l/4h
Peroxyacetic acid (79-21-0)	
LD50 oral rat	1540 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	1410 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	0.45 mg/l
ATE US (oral)	1540 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	1410 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	4500 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	0.45 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.45 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes severe skin burns.
pH: < 1.5

Hydrogen peroxide (7722-84-1)	
pH	2.02 (50 %, 21 °C)

Acetic acid (64-19-7)	
pH	2.4 (0.1 mol/l)

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.
pH: < 1.5

Hydrogen peroxide (7722-84-1)	
pH	2.02 (50 %, 21 °C)

Acetic acid (64-19-7)	
pH	2.4 (0.1 mol/l)

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified
Carcinogenicity : Not classified
Reproductive toxicity : Not classified
STOT-single exposure : May cause respiratory irritation.

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Hydrogen peroxide (7722-84-1)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
Peroxyacetic acid (79-21-0)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT-repeated exposure	: Not classified
Acetic acid (64-19-7)	
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	290 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Acetic acid (64-19-7)	
Viscosity, kinematic	1.17 mm ² /s (20 °C)
Peroxyacetic acid (79-21-0)	
Viscosity, kinematic	1.22 mm ² /s (20 °C, 5 %, OECD 114: Viscosity of Liquids)
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Burns.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Serious damage to eyes.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Burns.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : Before neutralisation, the product may represent a danger to aquatic organisms.

Hydrogen peroxide (7722-84-1)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	16.4 mg/l Source: ECHA
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	1.38 mg/l Source: ECHA
Acetic acid (64-19-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 1000 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 203, 96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Semi-static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 1000 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
LC50 - Fish [2]	> 300.82 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	> 300.82 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 1000 mg/l (ISO 10253, Skeletonema costatum, Static system, Salt water, Experimental value, Growth rate)
EC50 72h - Algae [2]	> 300.82 mg/l Test organisms (species): Skeletonema costatum
Peroxyacetic acid (79-21-0)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	0.08 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	0.73 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	0.16 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)

Peroxyacetic acid (79-21-0)	
NOEC (chronic)	0.0121 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Hydrogen peroxide (7722-84-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable.
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable
ThOD	Not applicable
BOD (% of ThOD)	Not applicable

Acetic acid (64-19-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.6 – 0.74 g O ₂ /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.03 g O ₂ /g substance
ThOD	1.07 g O ₂ /g substance

Peroxyacetic acid (79-21-0)	
Persistence and degradability	Contains readily biodegradable component(s).

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Hydrogen peroxide (7722-84-1)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-1.36 Source: IPCS
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.

Acetic acid (64-19-7)	
BCF - Fish [1]	3.16 (Pisces, Fresh water, QSAR)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.17 (Experimental value, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.

Peroxyacetic acid (79-21-0)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-1.25
Bioaccumulative potential	Does not contain bioaccumulative component(s).

12.4. Mobility in soil

Hydrogen peroxide (7722-84-1)	
Surface tension	80.4 mN/m (20 °C, Pure substance, Calculated value, 100 %)
Ecology - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the component(s) available.

Acetic acid (64-19-7)	
Surface tension	26.3 mN/m (30 °C)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil. May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.

Peroxyacetic acid (79-21-0)	
Surface tension	54 mN/m (20 °C, 5 %, EU Method A.5: Surface tension)

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Peroxyacetic acid (79-21-0)

Ecology - soil

Contains component(s) with potential for mobility in the soil.

12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

DOT NA No : UN3149
UN-No. (TDG) : UN3149
UN-No. (IMDG) : 3149
UN-No. (IATA) : 3149

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Hydrogen peroxide and peroxyacetic acid mixtures, stabilized
Proper Shipping Name (TDG) : Hydrogen peroxide and peroxyacetic acid mixtures, stabilized
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : HYDROGEN PEROXIDE AND PEROXYACETIC ACID MIXTURE STABILIZED
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Hydrogen peroxide and peroxyacetic acid mixture stabilized

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

DOT

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 5.1 (8)
Hazard labels (DOT) : 5.1, 8



TDG

Transport hazard class(es) (TDG) : 5.1 (8)
Hazard labels (TDG) : 5.1, 8



IMDG

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : 5.1 (8)
Hazard labels (IMDG) : 5.1, 8



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IATA

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : 5.1 (8)

Hazard labels (IATA) : 5.1, 8



14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT) : II

Packing group (TDG) : II

Packing group (IMDG) : II

Packing group (IATA) : II

14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Special transport precautions : Shipping container: UN certified vented polyethylene required, Keep container upright and secure for transport.

DOT

UN-No.(DOT) : UN3149

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DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	: 145 - This entry applies to formulations that neither detonate in the cavitated state nor deflagrate in laboratory testing, show no effect when heated under confinement, exhibit no explosive power, and are thermally stable (self-accelerating decomposition temperature (SADT) at 60 C (140 F) or higher for a 50 kg (110.2 lbs.) package). Formulations not meeting these criteria must be transported under the provisions applicable to the appropriate entry in the Organic Peroxide Table in 173.225 of this subchapter. A2 - Single packaging are not permitted on aircraft. A3 - For combination packaging, if glass inner packaging (including ampoules) are used, they must be packed with absorbent material in tightly closed metal receptacles before packing in outer packaging. A6 - For combination packaging, if plastic inner packaging are used, they must be packed in tightly closed metal receptacles before packing in outer packaging. B53 - Packaging must be made of either aluminum or steel. IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized. IP5 - IBCs must have a device to allow venting. The inlet to the venting device must be located in the vapor space of the IBC under maximum filling conditions. T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3) TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively. TP6 - The tank must be equipped with a pressure release device which prevent a tank from bursting under fire engulfment conditions (the conditions prescribed in CGA pamphlet S1.2 (see 171.7 of this subchapter) or alternative conditions approved by the Associate Administrator may be used to consider the fire engulfment condition), taking into account the properties of the hazardous material to be transported. TP24 - The portable tank may be fitted with a device to prevent the build up of excess pressure due to the slow decomposition of the hazardous material being transported. The device must be in the vapor space when the tank is filled under maximum filling conditions. This device must also prevent an unacceptable amount of leakage of liquid in the case of overturning.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 152
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 202
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 243
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	: 1 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	: 5 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: D - The material must be stowed "on deck only" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length, but the material is prohibited on passenger vessels in which the limiting number of passengers is exceeded.
DOT Vessel Stowage Other	: 25 - Protected from sources of heat,66 - Stow "separated from" flammable solids,75 - Stow "separated from" permanganates
TDG	
UN-No. (TDG)	: UN3149
Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index	: 1 L
Excepted quantities (TDG)	: E2
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger Carrying Railway Vehicle Index	: 1 L
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number	: 140

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IMDG	
Special provision (IMDG)	: 196
Limited quantities (IMDG)	: 1 L
Excepted quantities (IMDG)	: E2
Packing instructions (IMDG)	: P504
Packing provisions (IMDG)	: PP10
IBC packing instructions (IMDG)	: IBC02
IBC special provisions (IMDG)	: B5
Tank instructions (IMDG)	: T7
Tank special provisions (IMDG)	: TP2, TP6, TP24
EmS-No. (Fire)	: F-H - FIRE SCHEDULE Hotel - OXIDIZING SUBSTANCES WITH EXPLOSIVE POTENTIAL
EmS-No. (Spillage)	: S-Q - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Quebec - OXIDIZING SUBSTANCES
Stowage category (IMDG)	: D
Stowage and handling (IMDG)	: SW1
Segregation (IMDG)	: SG16, SGG16, SG59, SG72
Properties and observations (IMDG)	: Colourless liquid. Carried as an aqueous solution. Slowly decomposes, evolving oxygen; the rate of decomposition increases on contact with most metals. In contact with combustible material may cause fire. Causes burns to skin, eyes and mucous membranes. Even though stabilized, these solutions may evolve oxygen.

IATA	
PCA Excepted quantities (IATA)	: E2
PCA Limited quantities (IATA)	: Y540
PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA)	: 0.5L
PCA packing instructions (IATA)	: 550
PCA max net quantity (IATA)	: 1L
CAO packing instructions (IATA)	: 554
CAO max net quantity (IATA)	: 5L
Special provision (IATA)	: A96
ERG code (IATA)	: 5C

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are present and listed as Active on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Peroxyacetic acid	CAS-No. 79-21-0	1 – 5%
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Hydrogen peroxide (7722-84-1)

RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	1000 lb
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	1000 lb

Acetic acid (64-19-7)

CERCLA RQ	5000 lb
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Peroxyacetic acid (79-21-0)	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	500 lb
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	500 lb

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Hydrogen peroxide (7722-84-1)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Acetic acid (64-19-7)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Peroxyacetic acid (79-21-0)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

Hydrogen peroxide (7722-84-1)
Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Acetic acid (64-19-7)
Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Peroxyacetic acid (79-21-0)
Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

Component	State or local regulations
Hydrogen peroxide(7722-84-1)	U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List
Acetic acid(64-19-7)	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List
Peroxyacetic acid(79-21-0)	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List

OxiDate

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 16: Other information

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision date : 2/6/2023

Full text of H-phrases	
H272	May intensify fire; oxidizer
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H335	May cause respiratory irritation

Indication of changes:			
Section	Changed item	Change	Comments
	Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)		No additional information available
	GHS-US classification		No additional information available

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), USA

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